District Attorney's Office

State of North Carolina 26th Prosecutorial District Mecklenburg County CHARMECKDA.COM

NEWS RELEASE

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Felony Probation Violations: Report for the week of April 23, 2012

CHARLOTTE, N.C. – The following is a summary of the felony probation violation cases handled during the week of April 23, 2012. The Honorable Linwood O. Foust, Superior Court Judge, presided over courtroom 5170 the week of April 23, 2012.

One hundred sixty-eight (168) defendants came before the court.

18	were scheduled for a probable cause hearing after a recent arrest for a probation violation
58	had their hearing date continued after a motion by the State or Defendant
82	admitted violating probation
0	denied violating probation and had a hearing and were found in violation by the judge
0	denied violating probation and had a hearing and were not found to be in violation by the judge
28	were on for a review set by a previous judge, had an order for arrest issued for failing to appear, or fall within another miscellaneous category
28	had their probation terminated by the judge
16	were revoked from probation by the judge (if probation is revoked, the defendant is sent to prison to serve the previously suspended prison sentence)
38	were not revoked from probation by the judge; instead, they were continued on supervised probation under the same or additional conditions

Notes about Probation Violations:

Generally, felony probation violation cases are scheduled every other week in courtroom 5170; the cases are heard Monday through Thursday. Each Friday of these weeks the courtroom is used for felony guilty pleas or to hear Motions for Appropriate Relief (see N.C.G.S. 15A-1411 through -1422).

In response to a felony probation violation, a defendant may admit or deny the violation(s). If the defendant admits the violation(s), the presiding judge determines whether to revoke the defendant's probation and send him/her to prison, whether to continue the defendant on supervised probation under the same or additional terms, or whether to terminate (end) the supervision. If a defendant denies the violation(s), a hearing is held in which the probation officer usually testifies. If the defendant is found by the judge to be in willful violation of his/her terms of probation, the judge will take one of the same actions described above.

The DA's Office does not have the power to dismiss, or negotiate the outcome of, a probation violation. A previous sentencing judge has issued an Order placing the defendant on probation and all violations of that term of probation are alleged by the probation officer and brought before a judge to determine whether a violation exist and, if so, what action should be taken against the defendant for the violation.

In addition to the probation violation hearings, on Monday of every week, hearings are held to determine whether probable cause exists to detain defendants that have been recently arrested for a probation violation. If probable cause is found, a violation hearing is set for the next available date. If, in lieu of waiting for a violation hearing date, the defendant chooses to immediately admit violation and request activation of his/her sentence, he/she may do so.

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