

NEWS RELEASE

Spencer B. Merriweather III
District Attorney

November 27, 2018

Rapists, domestic violence offenders convicted by Special Victims Team

CHARLOTTE, N.C. – The Mecklenburg County District Attorney's Special Victims Team recently convicted 13 defendants in Superior Court. The defendants entered their guilty pleas in courtroom 5310 before The Honorable Karen Eady-Williams, Superior Court Judge, during the week of November 13, 2018.

Among those convicted were:

Jamuel Alston, 35, pled guilty to 1) first-degree rape and 2) assault with a deadly weapon with the intent to kill inflicting serious injury. Alston was sentenced to 317-441 months in prison.

John Mobley, 49, pled guilty to 1) first-degree statutory rape, 2) first-degree rape and 3) felony child abuse. Mobley was sentenced to 300-369 months in prison.

JaMichael Hall, 30, pled guilty to 1) first-degree statutory rape, 2) first-degree statutory sex offense and 3) indecent liberties with a minor. Hall was sentenced to 166-260 months in prison.

Sidney Burkett, 61, pled guilty to failure to register as a sex offender. Burkett was sentenced to 14-26 months in prison.

Michael Carter, 40, pled guilty to felony violation of a domestic violence protective order. Carter was sentenced to 6-17 months in prison.

Bennie Tate, 39, pled guilty to felony habitual misdemeanor assault. Tate was sentenced to 9-20 months in prison; that sentence was suspended pending Tate's successful completion of 24 months of supervised probation. As a condition of his probation, Tate must complete a certified intervention program for batterers.

Anthony Carter, Jr., 33, pled guilty to breaking or entering to terrorize or injure. Carter was sentenced to 8-19 months in prison; that sentence was suspended pending Carter's successful completion of 12 months of supervised probation. As conditions of his probation, Carter must serve 107 days in the Mecklenburg County Jail and complete a certified intervention program for batterers.

Note: Almost all guilty pleas entered in criminal administrative court are the result of an agreed upon plea arrangement between the State and the defendant, which is then approved by the sentencing judge.

For more information about why most cases must be resolved by plea negotiation instead of jury trial, please visit the “Understanding Criminal Court” section of the DA’s website at www.charmeckda.com.

// End //

